

BUTUZOVA, O.V.

Role of the root system of trees in the formation of microrelief.  
Pochvovedenie no.4:21-30 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Tsentral'nyy muzei pochvovedeniya imeni V.V.Dokuchayeva.  
(Forest soils) (Roots (Botany))

BUTUZOVA, O.V.

Characteristics of the soils developed on clayey topsoils in  
Perm Province. Pochvovedenie no.1:38-48 Ja '64.

(MIRA 17:3)

1. TSentral'nyy muzey pochvovedeniya imeni V.V. Dokuchayeva.

ABRAMOVICH, A.D., kand. tekhn. nauk; ANTONOV, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; KAPLAN, G.A., inzh.-ekonomist; LEVIN, S.M., inzh.-zemleustroitel'; LISTENGURT, F.M., kand. geogr. nauk; SAMOYLOV, Ya.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; SMOLYAN, I.M., kand. arkitek.; SOLOFNIENKO, N.A., kand. arkht.; STERLIGOV, V.D., kand. arkht.; FALEYEV, V.G., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: BUTUZOVA, V.P.; GLABINA, N.K.; GOL'DSHTEYN, A.M.; DEMYANOVSKIY, V.S.; KAPLAN, G.L.; FEDOTOVA, N.A.; TSEYTLLIN, G.I.; BURLAKOV, N.Ya., red.; KOMPANEYETS, Z.N., red. izd-va; GOLOVKINA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Regional planning of economic administrative regions, industrial regions and centers; planning guide] Raionnaia planirovka ekonomiceskikh administrativnykh raionov, promyshlennnykh raionov i uzlov; rukovodstvo po proektirovaniyu. Pod red. N.IA. Burlakova. Moskva, Gosstroizdat, 1962. 266 p.

(MIRA 15:10)

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkitektury SSSR. Institut gradostroitel'stva i raionnoi planirovki.
2. Zamestitel' direkтора по nauchnoj rabote Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gradostroitel'stva i rayonnoy planirovki (for Burlakov).
3. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gradostroitel'stva i rayonnoy planirovki (for Butuzova, Glabina, Gol'dshteyn, Demyanovskiy, Kaplan, Fedotova, Tseytlin).

(Regional planning)

BUTUZOVA, V.P.

Distribution of the rural population in the Kungur ~~forested~~  
steppe. Uch. zap. Perm. gos. un. 15 no.2:17-25 '60. (MIRA 14:12)  
(Kungur steppe--Villages)

BUTUZOVA, V.P.

Natural prerequisites of agricultural development in the  
southeastern part of Perm Province. Uch. zap. Perm. gos. un.  
23 no.4:3-15 '63. (MIRA 17:10)

BUTUZOVA, Ye.I.; BUZULINA, F.Ya.

Bibliography. Trudy TSGL 6:593-632 '57.  
(Bibliography--Fruit culture)

(MIRA 12:10)

PIUNOVSKIY, I.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; ZHIVOTKO, B.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; RUKTESHEL', S.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; SHTOMPEL', B.N., kand. tekhn. nauk; BUTVILOVSKIY, F.A., inzh.; KORZHENEVSKAYA, R.A., inzh.; LOGVINOVICH, I.P., inzh.; UTEVSKAYA, L.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; RUNTSO, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; NAGORSKIY, I.S., kand. tekhn. nauk; TERPILOVSKIY, K.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; LOSEV, V.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; YAROSHEVICH, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; KATSYGIN, V.V., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; BOROVNIKOVA, R., red.

[Problems of the technology of mechanized agricultural production] Voprosy tekhnologii mekhanizirovannogo sel'skokhozai-stvennogo proizvodstva. Minsk, Izd-vo "Urozhai." Pt.2. 1964.  
336 p. (MIRA 17:7)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mekhanizatsii i elektrifikatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva nechernozemnoy zony SSSR.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

BUTVILOVSKIY, G., SHUVALOV, V. and TISHKINA, I.

"Small-Size Drum Cooler," Mol. prom., 13, No.6, 1952

(Refrigeration machinery)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

BUTVIN, G.K.

Experimental data on the effect of Morshin mineral water from spring No.1 on the evacuatory and motor function of the stomach. Vrach.delo no.9:921-923 S '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Kafedra rentgenologii i meditsinskoy radiologii (zaveduyushchiy - kand.med.nauk V.I. Vetoshchuk) i kafedra normal'noy fiziologii (zaveduyushchiy - dotsent V.S. Raytsev) Stanislavskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(MORSHIN--MINERAL WATERS) (STOMACH)

BUTVIN, G.K.

Effect of Morshin mineral water from Spring No. 1 on the evacuatory  
and motor function of dogs' stomachs in experimental ulcer. Vrach.  
deleno no. 3:30-33 Mr '61.  
(MIRA 14:4)

1. Kafedra rentgenologii i meditsinskoy radiologii (zav. - dotsent  
V.I. Vetoshchuk) i kafedra normal'noy fiziologii (zav. - dotsent  
V.S. Raytsev) Stanislavskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(MORSHIN—MINERAL WATERS) (PEPTIC ULCER)

BUTVINNIK, Ya.E.

Adding moistening preparations to fungicide and pesticide powders. Zashch. raet. ot vred. i bol. 5 no. 8:22 Ag '60.  
(MIRA 13:12)

1. Starshiy inzhener Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.  
(Spraying and dusting)

BUTWILOWICZ, W.

"Prospects of the sugar campaign"

p. 755 (Nowe Rolnictwo, Vol. 7, no. 18, Sept. 1958, Warsaw, Poland)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 1, Jan, 59.

ZACZEK, Zenon, inz.; BUTWIOWSKI, Jerzy, inz.; KOLTUNIAK, Alojzy, inz.

Planning the repair method, the repair and start of the 4,7 MW power unit Nr. 2 WUMAG, taken out of operation for Lower Silesia. Gosp paliw 11 Special issue no.(95):58 Ja '63.

1. Elektrownia Wroclaw.

L 17871-63      BDS  
ACCESSION NR: AP3003707

S/0048/63/027/007/0961/0966

50

AUTHOR: Beskrovny\*y, I.M.; Butyaga, A.S.; Kuragina, I.A.

TITLE: Design of transistor current regulators for nuclear spectrometers /Report of the Thirteenth Annual Conference on Nuclear Spectroscopy held in Kiev from 25 January to 2 February 1963/

SOURCE: AN SSSR, Izv. Seriya fizicheskaya, v.27, no.7, 1963, 961-966

TOPIC TAGS: current regulator, spectrometer power supply

ABSTRACT: Although a number of different current regulators are now available for use with magnetic spectrometers, generally vacuum tube regulators that can provide the heavy (15-20 amp) current drawn by large spectrometers are lacking and are difficult to design; this limitation does not apply to transistorized regulators. Hence despite voltage limitations and other shortcomings, it is expedient to use transistors for current regulators for spectrometer magnets. Basic design considerations are discussed as they apply to transistor regulated current stabilizers. A transistor regulator circuit with a rating of 15 amp for the Ketron spectrometer is presented. /Abstracter's note: No specific values and parameters are given

Card 1/2

L 17871-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3003707

6

for most of the components.<sup>7</sup> Tests with a spectrometer having a resolution of 0.4% showed that the regulator provides adequate current stabilization. The characteristics of the regulator are: current range: 200 mA to 15 amp; drift over a period of one hour 1 in  $6 \times 10^4$ ; current change as a result of 10% line voltage rise: under 1 in  $2 \times 10^3$ ; ripple at 6 amp: under 1 in  $1.5 \times 10^4$ . Orig. art. has: 4 formulas and 6 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: OO

DATE ACQ: 02Aug63

ENCL: OO

SUB CODE: GE, SD

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 0000

Card 2/2

BUTYAGIN, I. P.

"Intensity of Springtime Ice Movements and the Protection of Hydroelectric Power-Plant Installations Against the Action of Ice in the Small Rivers of Western Siberia" Cand Tech Sci, Leningrad Polytechnic Inst, Leningrad, 1954. (RZhGeol, No 1, 1955)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (12)  
SO: Sum. No. 556, 24 Jun 55

Butyagin, I. P.

Subject : USSR/Meteorology AID P - 2501  
Card 1/1 Pub. 71-a - 11/26  
Author : Butyagin, I. P., Kand. of Tech. Sci.  
Title : Testing strength of the ice cover on the Ob' River  
in spring  
Periodical : Met. i Gidro., 3, 42-44, My-Je 1955  
Abstract : The article describes tests made by the Transportation and Power Institute of the West Siberian Branch of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR on the bending stress of the ice cover on the Ob' River in 1953-54. A temperature diagram and a table listing detailed data of tests are presented. The average bending stress is found to be 3.3 kg/sq cm., the maximum is 5.5 kg sq cm. Three Russian references, 1940-1947.  
Institution: None  
Submitted : No date

BUTYAGIN, I.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Protection of hydraulic structures from the action of ice during ice movement in the small rivers of Western Siberia. Trudy Transp.-energ.inst.Zap.-Sib.fil.AN SSSR no.5:43-68 '55. (MIRA 15:5)  
(Siberia, Western-Ice on rivers, lakes, etc.)  
(Hydraulic structure)

BUTYAGIN, I.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Bending strength of the ice cover. Trudy Transp.-energ.inst.Zap.  
Sib.fil.AN SSSR no.5:81-86 '55. (MIRA 15:5)  
(Ice--Testing)

BuTyAGIN, I. F.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/4843

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Zapadno-Sibirskiy filial, Novosibirsk. Transportno-energeticheskiy institut

Voprosy ledotekhniki (Problems in Ice-Control Engineering) [Novosibirsk]  
Novosibirskoye knizhnoye izd-vo, 1958. 110 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 7)  
350 copies printed.

Resp. Ed.: K.N. Korzhavin, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Ed. of  
Publishing House: P.N. Men'shikov; Tech. Ed.: N.M. Pototskaya.

PURPOSE: This publication is intended for hydrologists and hydraulic engineers.

COVERAGE: This issue of the Transactions of the Transportation and Power Institute contains articles dealing with the ice conditions on the Ob' and Yenisey Rivers, the problems of ice pressure on the supports of hydraulic structures, the possibilities of operating hydropower installations during the winter-spring period, and the determination of heat exchange between the water surface and the atmosphere. No personalities are mentioned. References follow each article.

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## Problems in Ice-Control Engineering

SOV/4843

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Liser, I. Ya. [Candidate of Technical Sciences, Krasnoyarskoye upravleniye gidrometsluzhby-Krasnoyarsk Administration of Hydrometeorological Service]. Spring Ice Jams in the Middle Yenisey River	33
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Gvozdev, V.S. [Candidate of Technical Sciences, Ural'skiy filial AN SSSR - Ural Branch of the AS USSR]. Holding Back the Ice on Small Rivers in Order to Protect Hydrotechnical Structures	93
Samochkin, V.M. Finding More Precise Relationships Determining the Heat Exchange Between the Water Surface and the Atmosphere On the basis of calorimetric observations and solution of the heat balance equation for a section of the Ob' River during the autumn-winter period, the author has arrived at the following conclusions: 1. The formulas of D.N. Bibikov, P.P. Kuz'min, V.V. Piotrovich, and K.I. Rossinskiy for computing the heat losses from water surface	103

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Problems in Ice Control Engineering

SOV/4843

through evaporation and convection reflect in a satisfactory manner the process of heat losses from river surface with subzero air temperatures. 2. In using the above formulas for the conditions in the Upper Ob' River, it is necessary to introduce correction factors: 0.65 for the formulas of V.V. Piotrovich-N.P. Polevoy, and 0.9 for the formulas of D.N. Bibikov. The formulas of P.P. Kuz'min and K.I. Rossinskiy give average results approaching those obtained from heat balance equations. 3. It is recommended that the heat balance method be used in order to obtain more accurate formulas for heat exchange between water surface of the rivers and the atmosphere.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 4/4

JA/dwm/mas  
2-24-61

B u T Y A G I N , F . P .

3(47) FILM 2 HYDROLOGICAL  
527/2440

1957.

Vestoraznyi Glavnaya Hydrologicheskaya Rada, Leningrad.

Trudy... t. 1957. Vestoraznyi Glavnaya Hydrologicheskaya Rada, Leningrad. Hydrological Conference of the All-Union Meteorological Committee, V. 33. Hydrophysics Section, 1959. 470 p. Errata slip attached. 21,000 copies printed.

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BUTYAGIN, Igor' Pavlovich; VASIL'YEV, Anatoliy Ivanovich; SUKHORUKOV,  
Lev Nikolayevich; MEN'SHIKOV, P.N., red.; GAVRILOVA, N.V..  
tekhn.red.

[Development of electric-power engineering in Siberia; popular  
scientific presentation] Razvitiye energetiki Sibiri; nauchno-  
populiarnyi ocherk. Novosibirsk, Novosibirskoe knizhnoe izd-vo,  
1960. 97 p. (MIRA 14:3)  
(Siberia--Electric power)

BUTYAGIN, I.P.

Studying the Ob'River ice sheet. Trudy TGU 147:101-112 '57.  
(MIRA 16:5)

1. Zapadno-Sibirskiy filial AN SSSR.  
(Ob' River—Ice on rivers, lakes, etc.)

BUTYAGIN, Igor' Pavlovich; VASIL'YEV, Anatoliy Ivanovich; SUKHORUKOV,  
Lev Nikolayevich [deceased]; CHEL'TSOV, Mikhail Borisovich;  
TISTROVA, O.N., red.; BUL'DIAYEV, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Power production in Siberia] Energetika Sibiri. Moskva,  
Gosenergoizdat. 1963. 95 p. (MIRA 16:8)  
(Siberia—Electric power)

BUTYAGIN, I.P.

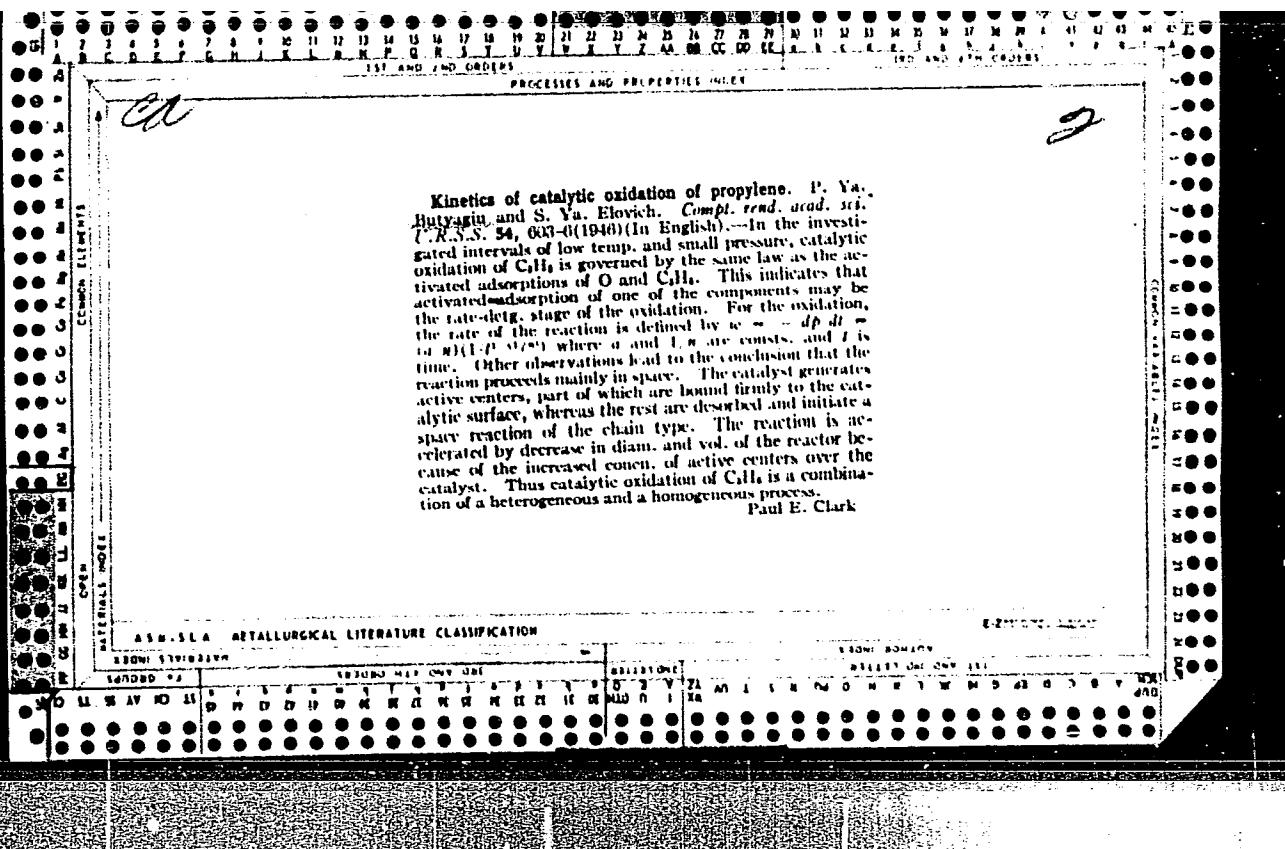
Thickness and structure of the ice cover of the Novosibirsk Reservoir. Trudy Transp.-energ. inst. Sib. otd. AN SSSR no.15:11-23 '64.

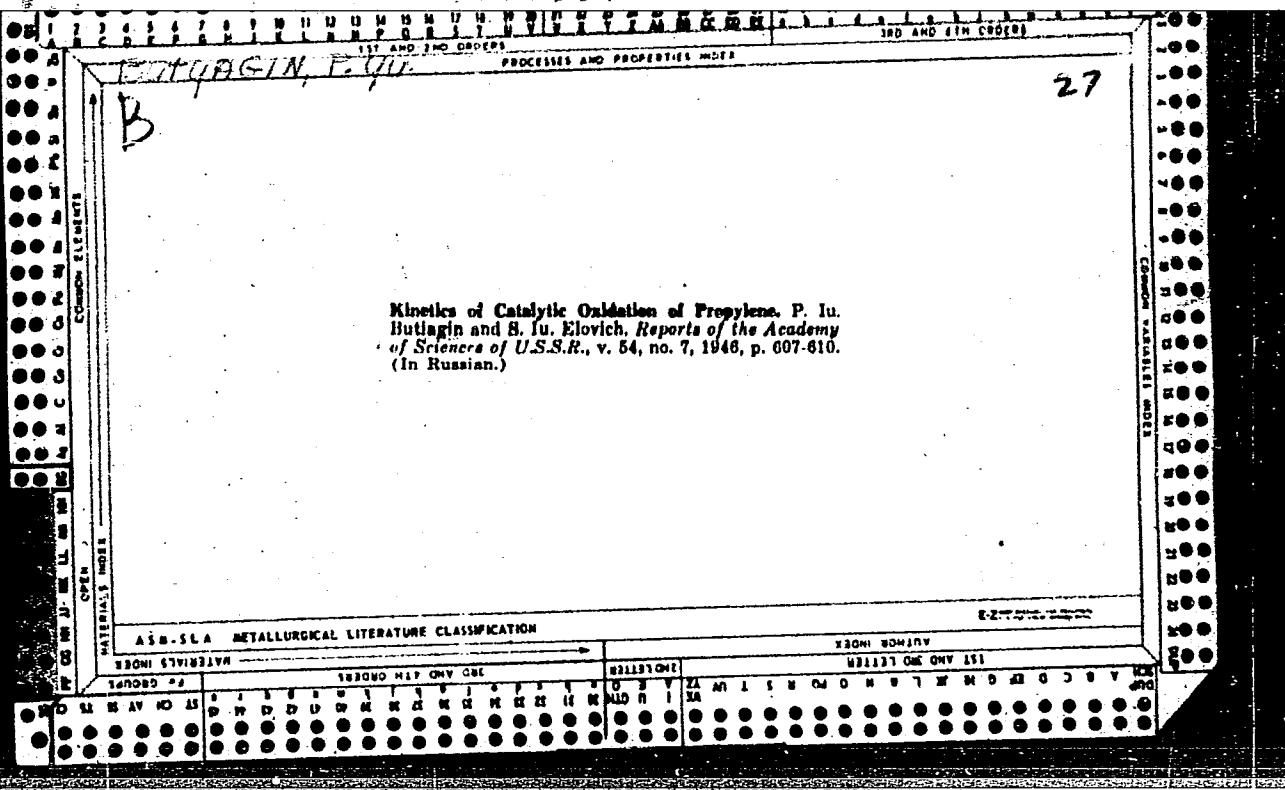
Strength of the ice cover in spring. Ibid.:67-76

(MIRA 18:6)

BUTYAGIN, I.P.; LISER, I.Ya.; SAMOCHKIN, V.M.

Passage of ice through the dam of the Bratsk Hydroelectric Power Station during the debacle of the Angara in 1960-1961.  
Trudy Transp.-energ. inst. Sib. otd. AN SSSR no.15:51-59 '64.  
(MIRA 18:6)





BUTYAGIN, P. YU.

PA 52/49T20

USSR/Chemistry - Hydrocarbons  
Chemistry - Oxidation

May 49

"Catalytic Oxidation of Hydrocarbons," P. Yu.  
Butyagin, L. Ya. Margolis, Inst Phys Chem, Acad Sci  
USSR, 3½ pp

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol LXVI, No 3

Purpose of this study is to ascertain the scope of  
a surface-volume mechanism in oxidizing hydrocarbons  
in metallic catalysts. Experiment shows process of  
strong catalytic oxidation with metals employed takes  
place according to this mechanism while a surface  
reaction occurs with mild catalytic oxidation. Sub-  
mitted by Acad A. N. Frumkin, 25 Mar 49.

52/49T20

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

FA 172T10

USSR/Chemistry - Kinetics of Combustion 11 Dec 50  
and Explosions

"On the Mechanism of Catalytic Oxidation of Propene," P. Yu. Butyagin, S. Yu. Yelovich

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol LXXXV, No 5, pp 711-714

Investigation of reaction between propene and oxygen in presence of platinum deposited on barium sulfate showed reaction consists of following stages: (1) activated adsorption of O<sub>2</sub>, (2) formation of surface compd of propene with O<sub>2</sub>, (3) formation of more highly oxidized intermediate compd, (4) surface oxidation to CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O or desorption and vol oxidation. Could be shown by

172T10

USSR/Chemistry - Kinetics of Combustion 11 Dec 50  
and Explosions (Contd)

sep calorimetry of surface and vol reactions that total reaction proceeds by surface-vol mechanism. Dependence of rate of oxidation on diam of reaction vessel and on kind of glass from which vessel is made also confirm this type reaction occurs. Below 70-80° oxidation proceeds on surface of catalyst exclusively. Existing data on oxidation of ethane and ethylene in presence of Pt or Mg-Cr catalyst indicate these reactions have analogous mechanism.

172T10

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

YELOVICH, S. YU., BUTIAGIN, P. YU

Catalysis

Method for determining the surface-volume mechanism  
of catalytic reactions. Trudy Inst. fiz. khimii AN SSSR No. 1, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

USSR/Chemistry - Catalysts

May 52

"Investigation of a Carrier-Supported Platinum Catalyst by the Adsorption Method," P. Yu. Butyagin, S. Yu. Yelovich, Inst of Phys Chem, Moscow, Acad Sci USSR

"Zhur Fiz Khim" Vol XXVI, No 5, pp 692-700

Investigated low-temp adsorption of O<sub>2</sub> and propene (1) on BaSO<sub>4</sub>; (2) on Pt deposited on BaSO<sub>4</sub>. Established that the type of adsorption on the Pt catalyst and the BaSO<sub>4</sub> carrier are sharply different. Deposition of Pt on the surface of BaSO<sub>4</sub> brings about modification of the type of the isotherms, which is due to the inhomogeneity of the catalyst surface

219T8

from the energetic standpoint. Proposes an adsorption method for detg the ratio of catalyst surface to carrier surface.

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

DMITRIYEV E.M.; BUTYAGIN, P.Yu..

Study of sorption and desorption of water vapor on the materials  
which are used for pencil leads. Trudy NIIKHP no.4:37-45 '56.  
(MIRA 11:4)

(Sorption) (Pencils) (Desorption)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

BUTYAGIN, P.YU.; DMITRIYEV, E.M.

Sphereless method for crushing barite in the vibration mills.  
Trudy NIIKHP no.4:46-50 '56. (MIRA 11:4)  
(Barite) (Crushing machinery)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

SOV/96-58-5-15/27

AUTHOR: Dmitriyev, E.M., Engineer and Butyagin, P.Yu., Candidate  
of Chemical Sciences.

TITLE: A Method of Step-wise Drying of Thin Cylindrical Products  
(Metod stupenchatoy sushki tonkikh tsilindricheskikh  
izdeliy)

PERIODICAL: Teploenergetika, 1958, Nr 5, pp 65 - 68 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In drying colloidal porous substances, gradients of water content are set up which can cause bending and cracking of the product so that it is necessary to retard the drying process. Various methods of accelerated drying have been proposed such as infra-red and high-frequency methods. This article describes a method of step-wise drying by hot air with particular application to the drying of pencil leads. In this method, the water content gradients are reduced by separating the stages of moisture conductivity and moisture exchange; the conditions of the drying agent may remain practically constant throughout the process. The method consists in continuous alternation of short-time drying and more prolonged resting. During the short time-drying, small gradients of water content are set up in outer layers of the material but are equalised during the resting periods. Thus, large gradients of water

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SOV/96-58-5-15/27

A Method of Step-wise Drying of Thin Cylindrical Products

content are not set up.

An expression is derived for the rate of drying and the effects of step-wise drying on the rate are considered. The rate of drying that can be applied discontinuously is, of course, higher than that which can be applied continuously. Thin cylindrical products can be dried in a hollow drum with holes in the side through which hot air is blown. The kinetic relationships of step-wise drying were studied on rods with an initial water content of 12% made of a mixture of graphite and clay with 4% of binder. The tests were made on the laboratory equipment illustrated in Figure 1, which maintains the air temperature constant to  $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the relative humidity to  $\pm 2\%$  and the air velocity to  $\pm 0.3 \text{ m/sec}$ . The drum was weighed from time to time during the drying process. Curves of drying rate are given in Figure 2. The tests were made at an air temperature of  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ , a relative humidity of 20%, an air speed of  $3.7 \text{ m/sec}$ ; the drum rotated at 0.55 rpm. The relationship between the drying coefficient and the proportion of the total time during which the product is drying is plotted in Figure 3. The test results lie close to the theoretical line. This graph illustrates the limits of

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SOV/96-58-5-15/27

A Method of Step-wise Drying of Thin Cylindrical Products

applicability of the formula that is given. The equation and the data of Figure 3 can be used to determine the moisture exchange coefficient and the moisture conductivity coefficient. Formulae are derived for these and calculated results are tabulated. The table also gives calculated values of moisture coefficients from drying curves for rods of different diameter and for discontinuous drying. The results indicate that the basis of the formula for intermittent drying is correct. Before the new method was introduced, the drying lasted from four to twelve days. The works has now gone over entirely to intermittent drying and the drying time is 12 - 48 hours. A theoretical curve of the relationship between the output of the product and the extent of filling of the drum is given in Figure 4. Test results when drying pencil leads are plotted on this curve and there is good agreement between theoretical and practical values.

Card 3/4

A Method of Step-wise Drying of Thin Cylindrical Products SOV/96-58-5-15/27

The new process saves time and labour and the products are of good quality.

There are 4 figures, 1 table and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: NII khimicheskoy promyshlennosti Gosplana RSFSR  
(Scientific Research Institute of the Chemical Industry, RSFSR Gosplan)

Card 4/4      1. Porous materials--Dehydration    2. Cylindrical surfaces--Dehydration    3. Pencils--Productions    4. Air blast--Applications

AUTHORS:

Matskevich, Ye.B., Butyagin, P.Yu.

SOV-69-20-5-20/23

TITLE:

Some Laws of the Process of Graphite Dispersion in an Aqueous Medium (Nekotoryye zakonomernosti protsessa izmel'cheniya grafita v vodnoy srede)

PERIODICAL:

Kolloidnyy zhurnal, 1958, Vol XX, Nr 5, pp 665-673 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Graphite changes its properties (adsorption capacity, electric conductivity, granulometric composition, etc.) according to the medium in which it is being dispersed. The laws for the dispersion of graphite in an aqueous medium by vibration mills are here studied, according to the speed of destruction and the speed of increase of specific surface. The granulometric composition of graphite after dispersion in an aqueous sulfite alkali solution is shown in Figure 2. There are three principal fractions of particles: fraction I with a particle diameter greater than 15%; fraction II with diameters between 15 and 3%; fraction III with diameters below 3%. Figure 3 shows the quantitative relations of the three fractions during experiment. After 5 hours the content of fraction II is 80%. The dependence of the constants of destruction speed on the diameter of the graphite granules is shown in Figure 5. In the experiments, the initial speed for the growth of the specific sur-

Card 1/2

Some Laws of the Process of Graphite Dispersion in an Aqueous Medium  
SOV-69-20-5-20/23

face is equal to  $1.8 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$  per hour. For comparing the granulometric composition of the graphite, the specific volume of pressed powders has been measured. The pressed volume of briquets made of dry graphites is always smaller than those made of graphites dispersed in water. During dispersion of dry graphite, the speed of growth of a specific surface increases sharply and the secondary structure and the granulometric composition of the graphite change. There are 8 sets of graphs, 2 tables, and 10 references, 8 of which are Soviet and 2 German.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimicheskoy promyshlennosti Moskva (Scientific Research Institute of the Chemical Industry, Moscow)

SUBMITTED: June 1, 1958

1. Graphite--Properties    2. Graphite--Processing    3. Graphite  
--Solubility    4. Solutions--Properties

Card 2/2

BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.; BERLIN, A.A.; KALMANSON, A.E.; BLYUMENFEL'D, L.A.

Formation of macroradicals in the mechanical destruction of vitrified polymers. Vysokom. soed. 1 no.6:865-868 Je '59.

(MIRA 12:10)

1. Laboratoriya anizotropnykh struktur AN SSSR.  
(Polymers) (Radicals (Chemistry))

15.8500

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27881

S/020/61/140/001/018/024  
B127/B101

AUTHOR: Butyagin, P. Yu.

TITLE: Active intermediate state produced by mechanical destruction  
of polymers

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 140, no. 1, 1961, 145 - 148

TEXT: The authors studied the intermediate state of mechanically destroyed polymers. The polymers were destroyed by a vibratory mill. The degree of hard polymer destruction was determined by measuring the specific surface area S by the BET method, the destruction of macromolecules being measured viscosimetrically. Concentration, structure, and conversion of free radicals were determined by e.p.r. and the luminescence observed by an Ф3Y-19 (FEU-19) photomultiplier. The following polymers were investigated: polymethyl methacrylate, polystyrene, polyacrylonitrile, polyvinyl alcohol, polyester acrylate, linear polyethylene, copolymers of polystyrene with divinyl benzene, poly- $\alpha$ -methyl styrene, and carboxymethyl cellulose. The highest values of the specific surface area being equal to 120 - 150 m<sup>2</sup>/g) were obtained at 77°K for polymers of the vinyl series having the CH<sub>3</sub>

Card 1/3

27881

S/020/61/140/001/018/024

B127/B101

Active intermediate state...

group in  $\alpha$ -position. On gradual heating of the samples near 130°K, an agglutination was observed, which proves the mobility of molecules in the state of stress. This effect can be explained by a relaxation of the free rotation of  $\alpha\text{-CH}_3$ . In certain experiments where the molecular weight was determined in sufficiently wide zones (polymethyl methacrylate, polystyrene, polyacrylonitrile), the exponential law of the rate of destruction was calculated to be  $M = M_0 \exp(-k\tau)$ , or  $X \sim A \exp(-k\tau)$ , where  $X = 6 \cdot 10^{23} (1/M - 1/M_0)$  is the number of destroyed bonds per gram;  $k$  is the constant of the destruction rate, and  $\tau$  is the time. Such solvents as benzene, dioxane, and other organic substances have a specific protective effect on the course of mechanical destruction at low temperatures. The author assumes that mechanical destruction is effected, not by a rupture of the principal macromolecule chains, but by the formation of intermediate non-equilibrium states of macromolecules. This explains the abnormally high radical concentration ( $10^{18}$  -  $10^{20}$  per g) and the similarity between radiation and mechanical destruction of polymers. I. V. Kolbanov and A. R. Kuznetsov participated in the experiments. There are 3 figures and 11 references: 8 Soviet and 3 non-Soviet. The three references to English-language

Card 2/3

27881

Active intermediate state...

S/020/61/140/001/018/024  
B127/B101

publications read as follows: K. M. Sinnott, J. Polym. Sci., 42, No. 139, 3 (1960); J. G. Powles, H. S. Gutowsky, J. Chem. Phys., 21, 1695 (1953); R. J. Abraham, H. W. Melville, D. V. Overall, D. H. Wiffen, Trans. Farad. Soc., 54, 1133 (1958).

PRESENTED: April 13, 1961, by V. N. Kondrat'yev, Academician

SUBMITTED: April 6, 1961

✓

Card 3/3

BUTYAGIN, P. Yu.; Prinimal uchastiye KOLBANEV, I. V.

Mechanochemical transformations in macromolecules at 80°K.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 148 no.1:129-131 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR. Predstavлено akademikom  
V.N. Kondrat'yevym.  
(Macromolecular compounds) (Radicals (Chemistry)—Spectra)

UL'BERT, Karel [Ulbert, Karel]; BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.

Electron paramagnetic resonance spectra arising after mechanical  
and thermal processing of natural polymers containing cystine.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 149 no.5:1194-1196 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii i biokhimii Akademii nauk  
Chekhoslovatskoy SSR i Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR.  
Predstavлено академиком P.A. Rebinderom.

(Polymers—Spectra) (Cystine)  
(Paramagnetic resonance and relaxation)

BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.; ABAGYAN, G.V.

"Formation of free radicals and migration of free valences under the influence of mechanical forces on proteins."

Report presented at the Symposium for Physical Chemistry of Biogenic Macromolecules, Jena, GDR, 18-21 Sep 63.

BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.; KOLBANEV, I.V.; RADTSIG, V.A.

Electron paramagnetic resonance spectra of gree radicals in solid  
polymer degradation products. Fiz. tver. tela 5 no.8:2257-2260  
Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.  
(Paramagnetic resonance and relaxation)  
(Radicals (Chemistry)--Spectra)  
(Polymers)

BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.; Prinimal uchastiye: KOLBANEV, I.V.

Study of the surface of polymers in the process of dispersion.  
Vysokom. soed. 5 no.12:1829-1836 D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR.

ABAGYAN, G.V.; BUTYAGIN, F.Yu.

Study of the mechanical destruction of gelatin using the method of  
electron paramagnetic resonance. Biofizika 9 no.2:180-183 '64.  
(MIRA 17:12)  
1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.

ABAGYAN, G.V.; BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.

Sequence of free radical reactions as affected by mechanical actions on  
protein molecules. Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no.6:1444-1447 F '64.  
(MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR. Predstavлено akademikom V.N.  
Kondrat'yevym.

TITLE: Some Applications of

SOURCE: Chemical Abstracts, Vol. 3, 1964, p. 507-508

tabulation of hydrogen in the case of ethylbenzene, chlorine in the case of chloro-

benzene, bromine in the case of bromobenzene, iodine in the case of iodo-

benzene, and the case of benzene itself.

Cont.

L 212724Z

REVIEWED BY [redacted] DATE [redacted]

tions of polymers (excess energy of free radicals at the time of initiation, mechanical activation of the system, etc.). However, many reactions do not require the system to reach a certain temperature after the initiation. Mechanical method is not a decisive factor. The nature of the reaction will determine the conditions of polymerization. If the reaction is exothermic, it may be necessary to cool the system.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

SURVEYED: [redacted] DATE [redacted]

NO. OF CARDS: [redacted] OTHER: DDC

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

L 45212-65

EPF(c)/EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T - PC-4/PR-4 RPL RM

S/0181/55/007/003/0941/0943

polymers. Vysokomolekul'nye

substancii fizika tvrdogo tela, v. 7, no. 3, 1965, 941-943

part 1. Fizika tvrdogo tela, v. 7, no. 3, 1965, 941-943

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

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L 45212-65

ACCESSION NO: AP5016921

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ACCESSION NR: AP5013063

of the C-C bonds. The free radicals formed in the rupture of both types of chains  
are capable of initiating the degradation products of macromolecules. Part I, first

part of the report, contains the results of the investigation.

Card 17

RADTSIG, V.A.; BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.

Electron paramagnetic resonance spectra of free radicals in the  
products of degradation of solid oxygen-containing polymers.  
Vysokom. soed. 7 no.5:922-927 My '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR.

ABAGYAN, G.V.; BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.

Electron paramagnetic resonance spectra observed during mechanical treatment of DNA preparations. Biofizika 10 no.5:763-765 '65.  
(MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.

ABAGYAN, G.V.; BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.

Mechanical degradation of polysaccharides studies by the  
electron paramagnetic resonance method. Vysokom. soed. 7  
no.8:1410-1414 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR.

BUTYAGIN, P.Yu.

Reaction mechanism of the decay of free radicals in polymethyl methacrylate. Dokl. AN SSSR 165 no. 16103-166 N 1965.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR. Submitted April 8, 1965.

ACC NR: AP6016065

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/65/165/001/0103/0106

AUTHOR: Butyagin, P. Yu.

ORG: Institute of Physical chemistry, AN SSSR (Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR)

TITLE: Mechanism of the destruction of free radicals in polymethylmethacrylate

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 165, no. 1, 1965, 103-106

TOPIC TAGS: free radical, monomer, depolymerization macromolecule, alkyl radical

ABSTRACT: Free radicals are detected in polymethylmethacrylate under chemical, redistion, photochemical, and mechanical influences. The relative stability and molecular fraction obtained from polymethyl methacrylate containing free radicals was found to consist chiefly of the monomer, methyl methacrylate. The most probable pathway of decomposition of terminal radicals of the R<sub>1</sub> type is the splitting out of a monomer unit; an ordinary bond is broken, and a double bond is formed. Decomposition of radicals of the R<sub>2</sub> type with a free valence in the middle of the chain results in a double bond and a terminal radical. Resultant elementary reactions in the decomposition of the radical R<sub>2</sub> include decomposition of the radical, stabilization of the new radical R<sub>3</sub> by stripping of an H atom from a neighboring molecule, depolymerization, addition of a monomer or depolymerization to the end of the macromolecule, and addition of radicals. The may also be explained by decomposition and depolymerization of alkyl radicals,

Card 1/2

UDC: 541.515+541.64

L 25625-66

ACC NR: AP6016065

following a similar reaction chain. In an inert atmosphere the process ends in the formation of a long-lived radical, while in the presence of oxygen it continues. Migration of the free valence, leading to destruction of the active centers, occurs without the participation of oxygen, according to a mechanism specific for the destruction of alkyl radicals; the oxygen consumption and yield of the oxidation products per pair of destroyed radicals are one to two orders of magnitude below the values for a purely oxidative mechanism of migration. This paper was presented by Academician V. N. Kondrat'yev on 8 April 1965. The author thanks N. A. Plate for the exchange of views on this work. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 03Apr65 / ORIG REF: 006 / OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2 PV

BUTYAGIN, V. A. Cand. Tech. Sci.

Dissertation: "Squares Near Railroad Terminals and Fundamentals of Their Planning."  
Moscow Inst of Engineers of Municipal Building, 3 Jun 47.

SO: Verchernyaya Moskva, Jun, 1947 (Project #17836)

PISAREV, S.G., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; BUTYAGIN, V.A.  
redaktor; ZISEL'SON, N.A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[City transportation] Gorodskoi transport. Moskva, Izd-vo  
Ministerstva komunal'nogo khoziaistva RSFSR, 1948. 502 p.  
[Microfilm] (MLRA 8:9)  
(Traffic engineering)

STRAMENTOV, Andrey Yevgen'yevich, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk;  
BUTYAGIN, Veniamin Aleksandrovich, dots., kand. tekhn. nauk;  
FISHEL'SON, M.S., red.; BOLOTINA, A.V., red. izd-va; KHENOKH,  
F.M., tekhn. red.

[Planning and improvement of cities] Planirovka i blago-  
ustroistvo gorodov. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va  
kommun.khoz.RSFSR, 1962. 507 p. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury  
SSSR (for Stramentov).

(City planning)

Physicochemical properties of dried serum of big cattle prepared by the method of spraying. V. N. Butyagin. Leningrad. Inst. Usovershensk. Vet. Vrachet, Soobshch. No. 27. Trudov. 10, 108-13(1955).—The satisfactory drying of serum of cows on a large scale (16-17 l. per batch) was accomplished with a drier and sprayer. The diam. of 80-90% of the particles was 10  $\mu$  and the water content was 7-8%. Dried serum dried, to the original concn, had the same viscosity as the original serum, its pH was 9-10 (as a result of loss of CO<sub>2</sub>); it had no hemolytic effect on added normal red blood cells of various animals and could be used intravenously for two weeks. The serum dried *in vacuo* by freezing contained 1.6-4.5% H<sub>2</sub>O and could be kept longer than 1 year without appreciable deterioration.

A. V. Tolstoychov

BUTYAGIN, V. N.:

BUTYAGIN, V. N.: "Sterile drying of blood serum by the method of spraying." Min Higher Education USSR. Leningrad Veterinary Inst. Leningrad, 1956  
(Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Veterinary Sciences)

So: Knizhnaya Letopis', No 17, 1956

Bulyagin, V.N.

*✓* Sterile drying [of blood serum] by the atomization method. V. N. Bulyagin (Meat Combine, Leningrad). *Myasnaya Ind. S.S.R.* 27, No. 3, 15-16 (1958).—Drying of sterile native bovine serum (I) by an atomization method, which is considered more efficient than the commonly used freeze-dry method, is briefly described. The I preps. obtained contained 6-12% moisture; the viscosity and the albumin/globulin ratio of 8% I solns. were the same as in the native I; the I solns. were not pyrogenic (intravenous injections to rabbits), not toxic (white rats), and harmless (subcutaneous administrations to guinea pigs); no hemolysis of human, bovine, rabbit, and guinea pig erythrocytes occurred when they were kept in the 8% I solns. for 24 hrs. The soly. of the I preps. did not change after 2 years dry storage. A brucellosis serum, dried in this way, preserved its original titer of 1:400 after the drying. E. W.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

U New preparations from animal blood. V. N. Butvarin  
U Issued S.S.R. 27 No. 8. 20/1956. By kind

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

BUTYAGIN, V.N.; CHAPLYGINA, Z.A.

Production of L-103 hydrolysin in dry form. Probl. genet. i perel.  
krovi 4 no.5:41-44 My '59. (MIRA 12:?)

1. Iz Leningradskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Instituta  
perelivaniya krovi (dir. - dotsent A.D. Belyakov, nauchnyy rukovo-  
ditel' - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.N. Filatov)  
(AMINO ACID, MIXTURE, preparation of,  
L-103 hydrolysin, dry prep. (Rus))

BUTYAGIN, V.N., kand.vet.nauk

Industrial production of hydrolysates. Akt.vop.perel.krovi no.7:301-  
303 '59. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Zavod medpreparatov Leningradskogo myasokombinata im. S.M.  
Kirova. (BLOOD PLASMA SUBSTITUTES)

GOLUBEV, T.I.; BUTYAGIN, V.N.; DERYABIN, I.I.

Sterile drying of aminopeptide-2 in a spray dryer. Med.prom.  
13 no.7:38-41 J1 '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Zavod meditsinskikh preparatov Leningradskogo myasokombinata  
imeni S.M.Kirova.  
(PEPTIDES) (BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS--DRYING)

KOZHEMYAKIN, N., prof.; BUTYAGIN, V., dotsent; IVANOV, I., dotsent;  
LISTOPAD, V.

Effect of cattle feeding with bagasse on the bone tissue.  
Mias. ind. SSSR 34 no.5:47-48 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Leningradskiy veterinarnyy institut.

PUTYAGINA A. P.

IA 17T39

USSR/Medicine - Malaria  
Medicine - Acrichine

May/Jun 1947

"The Treatment of Malaria with Dextro-rotatory  
Acrichine," A. P. Butyagina, A. M. Zhivilova,  
Clinical Department of the Institute of Malaria  
and Medical Parasitology, Academy of the  
Medical Sciences, USSR, 6 pp

16

"Meditinskaya Parazitologiya" No 3, pp. 30-4

Brief discussion, with two statistical tables,  
of 150 malaria cases treated with intramuscular  
injections of a 0.4 preparation in the course  
of three days' treatment.

17T39

BUTYAGINA, A. P.,

"Clinical Features of Homologous Serum Jaundice," Sov. Med., No. 12, 1948.

Clinical Dept. Central Institute Malaria \* Medical Parasitology, Dept.  
Hygiene, Microbiology, and Epidemiology, Acad. Med. Sci., 1948.

BUTYAGINA, A. P.

BUTYAGINA, A. P. -- "Serum Hepatitis as a Form of Manifestation of Botkin's Disease." Sub 4 Apr 52, Acad Nauk SSSR. (Dissertation for the Degree of Doctorate in Medical Sciences).

SO: Vechernaya Moskva January-December 1952

ROTBURG, S.S.; BUTYAGINA, A.P.; NOVOSELOVA, Ye.I.

Study of clinical and laboratory characteristics in patients with frequent  
recurrences of malaria. Med.paraz.i paraz.bol. no.5:430-433 S-0 '53.  
(MLRA 6:12)

1. Iz klinicheskogo otdeleniya Instituta malyarii, meditsinskoy parazitologii  
i gel'mintologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (direktor instituta -  
professor P.G.Sergiyev, zaveduyushchiy otdeleniyem - professor Ye.M.Tareyev).  
(Malarial fever)

BUTYAGINA, A.P.; VORONKOVA, O.I.; TALINSEKAYA, A.F.; USHAKOVA, S.P.

*Studying outbreaks of Botkin's disease in children's institutions.*  
Sov.med. 19 no.12:55-59 D '55.  
(MLRA 10:9)

1. Iz Instituta virusologii AMN SSSR i Moskovskogo oblastnogo  
nauchno-issledovatel'skogo klinicheskogo instituta imeni M.F.  
Vladimirovskogo  
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

BUTYAGINA, A.P. doktor meditsinskikh nauk

Clinical characteristic of homologous serum jaundice. Vrach.delo  
no.11:1151-1158 N '56.  
(MLRA 10:3)

1. Kafedra obshchey i gospital'noy terapii (zaveduyushchiy -  
deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR Ye.M.Tareyev) sanitarno-gigiyeniche-  
skogo fakul'teta Pervogo moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(JAUNDICE)

MOROZKIN, Nikolay Ivanovich; BUTYAGINA, A.P., red.; KNAKNIN, M.T.,  
tekhn.red.

[Influenza] Gripp. Moskva, Gos.isd-vo med.lit-ry, 1958. 173 p.  
(INFLUENZA)

BUTYAGINA, Aleksandra Pavlovna; PETERSON, O.P., red.; MATVEYeva, M.M.,  
tekhn.red.

[Serum hepatitis; the parenteral form of Botkin's disease]  
Svorotochnyi hepatit; parenteral'naia forma bolezni  
Botkina. Moskva, Medgiz, 1962. 149 p.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

(MIRA 15:5)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

BUTYANOV, D.D., veter. vrach (Klimovichskiy rayon, Mogilevskoy oblasti)

Treatment and control of leptospirosis in swine. Veterinariia 40 no.

5:27-28 My '63. (MIRA 17:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4

BUT'YANOV, D. D.

37471. PETROV, V. F.-i BUT'YANOV, D. D. Deystviye Fitontsidov'Chesnoka  
Na Vozbuotel'ya Rozhi Sviney. Uchen. Zapiski Viteb. Vet. In-ta, t. IX,  
1949, s. 110-14.--- Bibliogr: 7 Nazv.

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 7, 1949

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/09/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000307810008-4"

BUT'YANOV, D.D., veterinarnyy vrach; CUZMAN, Z.I., veterinarnyy vrach

Comparative evaluation of the methods for worming sheep with  
fascioliasis using difluorotetrachloroethane (freon 112) and  
carbon tetrachloride. Trudy NIVI 1:179-181 '60. (MIRA 15:10)  
(Freons) (Carbon tetrachloride) (Liver fluke)

BUT'YANOV, D.D.

Sinusitis in ducklings and goslings. Veterinariia 40 no.7:40-41  
Jl '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Glavnnyy veterinarnyy vrach Klimovichskogo rayona, Mogilevskoy  
obl.

(Klimovich District--Sinusitis)  
(Klimovich District--Ducks--Diseases and pests)  
(Klimovich District--Geese--Diseases and pests)

LAPTEV, I.D., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; BUYANOV, P.S., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; KASSIROV, L.N., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; TERYAYEVA, A.P., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; SUVOROVA, L.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; SIDOROVA, M.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; SEMIN, S.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; Prinimali uchastiye: ARKHIPOV, A.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; VAZYULYA, P.F., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; KARLYUK, I.Ya., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; KARNAUKHOVA, Ye.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; KRYLOVA, T.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; ROMANOVSKAYA, L.S., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; CHISTOV, G.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotr.; POTAPOV, Kh.Ye., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Communal funds of collective farms and the distribution of collective farm income] Obshchestvennye fondy kolkhozov i raspredelenie kolkhoznykh dokhodov. Moskva, Izd-vo ekon. lit-ry, 1961. 386 p. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut ekonomiki. 2. Sektor ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva Instituta ekonomiki Akademii nauk SSSR (for Laptev, Buyanov, Kassirov, Teryayeva, Suvorova, Sidorova, Semin).

(Collective farms—Income distribution)

AGAYEV, K., mayor; BUTYAYEV, N., mayor

Attack of a rifle platoon. Voen. vest. 41 no.1:25-26 Ja '62.  
(MIRA 16:11)

BUT'YEV, V.T.

Wintering of birds in the northern part of Novaya Zemlya.  
Ornitologiya no.2:99-101 '59. (MIRA 14:7)  
(Novaya Zemlya--Water birds)

BUT'YEV, V.T.; ORLOV, V.I.

Quantitative characteristics of the avifauna in the forests  
of the southeastern Istra-Moskva interfluve. Uch. zap. MGPI  
no.227:291-300 '64.  
(MIRA 18:11)

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BUT'YEV, V.T.; MALEVICH, I.I.

Brief news and information. Zool. zhur. 44 no. 6:958-960 '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

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MER, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; BUTYKHOV, N.V., inzh.; MOROZOV, Ye.M., inzh.

Device for laying a coating in irrigation canals which  
prevents loss of water. Stroi. i dor. mash. 7 no.5:32-36  
My '62.

(Irrigation canals and flumes)

(MIRA 15:5)

ACCESSION NR: AT4042829

S/2601/64/000/018/0003/0017

AUTHOR: Butylenko, A. A., Gridnev, V. N., (Corresponding member AN UkrSSR) X

TITLE: Deformation characteristics and changes in the physical properties of ferro-chromium alloys

SOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Institut metallofiziki. Sbornik nauchnykh rabot, no. 18, 1964. Voprosy fiziki metallov i metallovedeniya (Problems in the physics of metals and physical metallurgy), 3-17

TOPIC TAGS: ferrochromium, ferrochromium plastic property, ferrochromium cold brittleness, ferrochromium physical property, ferrochromium deformation, physical property anomaly, iron content effect, ferrochromium low temperature behavior, ferrochromium transition point, antiferromagnetic spin alignment

ABSTRACT: Nine ferrochromium alloys with Fe content ranging from 0.31 to 53.4 at. % were tested to determine their plastic properties, anomalies in their electrical and volume properties, as well as interrelations between antiferromagnetic spin alignment and plastic

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ACCESSION NR: AT4042829

properties. The respective methods used involved static bending (20 mm flexure, stress at 0.4 mm/sec, 0-1100K) and microphotography of rupture under a static load, measurements of electrical resistivity, thermoelectromotive force (in comparison with platinum "Extra") and relative thermal expansion across a range of -196 to +350C ( $\pm 1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), as well as micro-hardness tests and low-temperature compression of cylindrical samples. The transition point rose to 800-900K as Fe increased to 10-15 at. %, then dropped to low temperatures as it increased further to 45-50 at. %. The alloy with 53.4 at. % Fe had an adequate plasticity factor at 77K. Deformation occurs, successively, in the form of twinning, twinning and slip, and slip only as temperature rises. Twinning frequently precedes inception of a brittle crack and the latter often follows the twin pattern. Physical property anomalies of alloys with 10-15 at. % Fe are displaced into low temperatures and exceed the similar effects in pure Cr by many times, while cold brittleness thresholds increase sharply with alloying. The displacement continues as Fe increases, the dilatometric effect decreases, while the plastic properties improve. "Compression tests were carried out in the Laboratoriya mekhanicheskikh ispytaniy Instituta elektrosvarki AN USSR (Mechanical Testing Laboratory of the Electrical Welding Institute, AN UkrSSR)." Orig. art. has: 7 graphs and 34 microphotos.

Card

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ACCESSION NR: AT4042829

ASSOCIATION: Institut metallofiziki AN UkrSSR (Metallophysics Institute, AN UkrSSR)

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